Graphing in STANDARD FORM $-f(x)=a x^{2}+b x+c$
EXAMPLE - Graph the function: $f(x)=4 x^{2}-8 x+1$
To find the axis of symmetry:
$x=-\frac{b}{2 a}=\square=$
To find the vertex, plug $\qquad$ back into the equation.
$f(\ldots)=4()^{2}-8(\quad)+1=$

## Key Features:

$\qquad$ $\mathrm{b}=$ $\qquad$ $\mathrm{c}=$ $\qquad$
The parabola will open UP or DOWN

The parabola has a MAX or MIN
The axis of symmetry at $x=$ $\qquad$
Vertex at ( )
y-intercept $=(\quad, \quad)$
point $=(\quad, \quad)$


YOU TRY - Graph the function: $f(x)=-\frac{1}{2} x^{2}+2 x-1$

## Key Features:

$$
a=\ldots \quad b=\ldots
$$

| The parabola will open UP or DOWN |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The parabola h |  | MAX or | MIN |
| The axis of symmetry at $x=$ |  |  |  |
| Vertex at ( |  |  | ) |
| y -intercept $=($ |  |  | ) |
| point $=($ | , | ) |  |



