## Monday/Tuesday

Name: $\qquad$ Period: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

Solving Quadratic Equation by using the Quadratic Formula

Please fill in the blanks below:

A quadratic equation written in standard form : $\qquad$ has the solutions:

$$
x=\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{-_{2}^{2}-4 \_c}}{2 \ldots}
$$

This is called the Quadratic Formula

Identify the $a, b$ and $c$ values of the following quadratic eautions

1. $x^{2}+5 x+6=0$
2. $x^{2}+2 x=-1$
3. $-2 x^{2}+9 x-20=0$

Example 2: Solve the quadratic equations above using the quadratic formula

## Wednesday

Do Now: Determine the mistake in the solution below

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x^{2}-4 x+4=0 \\
& x=\frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{4^{2}-4(1)(4)}}{2(1)} \\
& x=\frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16-16}}{2} \\
& x=\frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{0}}{2} \\
& x=-2
\end{aligned}
$$

Class work 1: Use the discriminant to determine the number of solutions of each quadratic equation:

1. $3 x^{2}+2 x=-1$
2. $-2 x^{2}+9 x-20=0$
please solve the quadratic equations below using quadratic formula. Please give an exact answer
3. $3 d^{2}+5 d-6=0$
4. $4 x^{2}-5 x-11=0$
5. $\frac{2}{3} x^{2}-\frac{1}{6} x-4=0$
6. The height of a ball in feet can be found the function $h(t)=-16 t^{2}+80 t+5$ where $t$ is the elapsed time in seconds. Find the time or times that the ball is 34 feet high to the nearest tenth of a second.
